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(G-) Signature Theorem

応用 $\Sigma C X^4$ genus の 評価 Roklin Hsiang-Szeerba

Dirac operator の index \Rightarrow vanishing

V-manifold の index Th a 計算例 (Kawasaki)

X^m $\dim X = n$ cl. or. sm. mfd $n = 4k$

$$H^{2k}(X, \mathbb{Z})/\text{Tor} \times H^{2k}(X, \mathbb{Z})/\text{Tor} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$$

$$(\alpha, \beta) \longmapsto (\alpha \cup \beta)[X]$$

$H_{\pm}^{2k} =$ maximal pos definite subspace
nega

$$\text{Sign } X = \dim H_{+}^{2k} - \dim H_{-}^{2k}$$

$X \quad \wedge^p T^*X \quad \Omega^p = \Gamma(X, \wedge^p T^*X) \quad p\text{-form}$

$$d: \Omega^p \rightarrow \Omega^{p+1}$$

Riemannian metric $\rightsquigarrow * : \Omega^p \rightarrow \Omega^{n-p}$

$$\varphi \wedge * \varphi = |\varphi|^2 \text{ vol}$$

d is adjoint $d^* = (-1)^{np+n+1} * d * : \Omega^{p+1} \rightarrow \Omega^p$

$$\Omega^p \text{ 内積 } \langle \varphi, \psi \rangle = \int_X \varphi \wedge * \psi$$

$$\langle d\varphi, \psi \rangle = \langle \varphi, d^* \psi \rangle$$

$$D = d + d^* : \Omega^* \otimes \mathbb{C} \leftrightarrow \Omega^* \otimes \mathbb{C}$$

involution $\tau = i^{p(p-1)+l} * : \Omega^p \rightarrow \Omega^{n-p}$ ($\otimes \mathbb{C}$ 省略)

$\tau^2 = 1$

$(m=2l)$

$$\Omega^* = \Omega^+ \oplus \Omega^- \quad \tau D = -D \tau$$

$$\tau = 1 \begin{matrix} \leftarrow \\ \rightarrow \end{matrix} \tau = -1 \quad D^\pm = D|_{\Omega^\pm}$$

$$D = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & D^- \\ D^+ & 0 \end{pmatrix} : \begin{matrix} \Omega^+ \\ \oplus \\ \Omega^- \end{matrix} \quad D^* = D \quad (D^\pm)^* = D^\mp$$

$$\text{index } D^+ = \dim \text{Ker } D^+ - \dim \text{Ker } (D^+)^* \in \mathbb{Z}$$

" Ker D^-

$$\underline{n=4k} \quad \text{Ker } D = \text{Ker } D^2 \simeq \underbrace{H_{\mathbb{R}}^* \otimes \mathbb{C}}_{\tau} = H^+ \oplus H^-$$

$\tau=1 \quad \tau=-1$

$$\text{Ker } D^+ = H^+ \cap H^{2k} \oplus H^+ \cap \sum_{0 \leq p < 2k} (H^p \oplus H^{n-p}) \quad \times \oplus \tau \times$$

$$\text{Ker } D^- = H^- \cap H^{2k} \oplus (H^- \cap \sum_{0 \leq p < 2k} (H^p \oplus H^{n-p})) \quad \times \oplus -\tau \times$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{index } D^+ = \dim H^+ \cap H^{2k} - \dim H^- \cap H^{2k}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \alpha \in H^+ \neq 0 \\ \tau = * \end{array} \right) \int \alpha \wedge \bar{\alpha} = \int \alpha \wedge \pm * \bar{\alpha} = \pm \langle \alpha, \alpha \rangle \geq 0$$

index Th

$$\begin{aligned} \text{index } D^+ &= (-1)^n \text{ch } \sigma(D^+) \text{td}(TX \otimes \mathbb{C}) [TX] \\ &= \frac{\text{ch}(\Omega^+ - \Omega^-)}{e(TX)} \text{td}(TX \otimes \mathbb{C}) [X] \end{aligned}$$

$E \rightarrow X$ cpx vec b

$$c(E) = 1 + c_1(E) + \dots = \prod_{i=1}^s (1 + x_i) \quad \dim \text{fib} = 2s$$

$$(E = L_1 \oplus \dots \oplus L_s \text{ a.k.a. } \quad c(L_i) = 1 + x_i)$$

\parallel
 $c(L_i)$

$$\text{ch } E = \sum e^{x_i} = rk E + c_1 E + \dots$$

$$\text{td } E = \prod \frac{x_i}{1 - e^{-x_i}} = 1 + \frac{c_1}{2} + \frac{c_1^2 + c_2}{12} + \dots$$

$$e(E) = \prod x_i(E) \quad c(E) = \prod (1 + x_i)$$

2 1 2 2 3 1 2 2 4 3.

$TX \cong P_1 \oplus \dots \oplus P_{2k}$ P_i ori. 2-plane b.

$L_1 \quad L_{2k} \quad L_i$ as cpx line b.

$$(\Omega^+ - \Omega^-)(L_i \otimes \mathbb{C} \oplus L_j \otimes \mathbb{C}) \cong (\Omega^+ - \Omega^-)(L_i \otimes \mathbb{C}) \oplus (\Omega^+ - \Omega^-)(L_j \otimes \mathbb{C})$$

P_i : fiber basis e_1, e_2

$$L_i \otimes \mathbb{C} = L_i \oplus \overline{L_i}$$

L_i : $e_1 - \mathcal{J}e_2$

$$\Omega^+(L_i \otimes \mathbb{C}) \cong 1 \oplus \overline{L_i}$$

$$\Omega^-(L_i \otimes \mathbb{C}) \cong 1 \oplus L_i$$

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$$\text{ch}(\Omega^+ - \Omega^-(L_i \otimes \mathbb{C})) = \text{ch}(L_i^+ - L_i^-) = e^{-x_i} - e^{x_i} \quad x_i = c_1(L_i)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Tr} \rho &= \prod \frac{e^{-x_i} - e^{x_i}}{x_i} \frac{x_i}{1 - e^{-x_i}} \frac{-x_i}{1 - e^{x_i}} [X] \\ &= \prod \frac{x_i (e^{-x_i} - e^{x_i})}{(1 - e^{x_i})(1 - e^{-x_i})} [X] \\ &= 2^{2k} \prod \frac{\frac{x_i}{2}}{\tanh \frac{x_i}{2}} [X]^{2k} = \prod \frac{x_i}{\tanh x_i} [X] = L[X] \end{aligned}$$

x_i^2 多项式

$$p_i(X) = (-1)^i c_{2i}(TX \otimes \mathbb{C})$$

Pontrjagin class p_i
Zahl.

$$p = 1 + p_1 + \dots \quad L(X) = 1 + \frac{1}{3} p_1 + \dots$$

$$\dim X = 4 \text{ or } 2 \quad \text{Sign } X = \frac{1}{3} p_1 [X] \quad \downarrow$$

G -signature Th $G \curvearrowright X$ $\varphi \in \Omega^p$
 (G -inv. metric) φ Lie grp. $g \cdot \varphi = (g^{-1})^* \varphi$
 $\in \lambda_4 \mathbb{Z}$

$$D = d + d^* : \Omega^* \rightarrow \Omega^* \quad G\text{-invariant}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & D^- \\ D^+ & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \Omega^+ \oplus \Omega^-$$

$$\text{ind } D^+ = \text{Ker } D^+ - \text{Ker } D^- \in \mathbb{R}(G)$$

$$g \in G \quad \text{Sign}(g, X) = \text{tr } g|_{\text{Ker } D^+} - \text{tr } g|_{\text{Ker } D^-}$$

G -signature

$X^g = \{x \in X \mid gx = x\}$ Atiyah-Singer Fixed Pt Th.

$j: X^g \subset X$ $TX|_{X^g} = TX^g \oplus N^g$
 N^g : Normal b.

$$\text{Sign}(g, X) = (-1)^{\dim X^g} \frac{\text{ch}^g j^* \sigma(D^+) \text{td}(TX^g \otimes \mathbb{C}) [TX^g]}{\text{ch}^g(\Lambda_{-1} N^g \otimes \mathbb{C})}$$

$$\Lambda_{-1} E = \sum (-1)^i \Lambda^i E$$

$$\text{ch}_g(a \otimes v) = \text{ch}(a) \cdot \text{tr} \rho(g) \quad \begin{array}{c} K \circ TX \rightarrow H_c^*(TX) \\ \downarrow \\ \mathbb{C} \end{array}$$

\downarrow 表現

$$\text{Sign}(g, X) = (-1)^{\frac{m(m+1)}{2}} \frac{(\Lambda^+ \Lambda^-)|_{TX^g \otimes \mathbb{C} + N^g \otimes \mathbb{C}}}{e(TX^g) \cdot \text{ch}_g \Lambda_{-1} N^g \otimes \mathbb{C}} \cdot \text{td}(TX^g \otimes \mathbb{C}) [X^g]$$

特別な場合

$$X^g = 1 \text{ pt}$$

$$N^g \cong \bigoplus_{g=e^{i\theta}} N_{\theta}^g \quad N_{\theta}^g \cong \sum L_{\theta}$$

$$\text{ch}^g(\Lambda^+ \Lambda^-)(L_{\theta} \otimes \mathbb{C})$$

$$= \text{ch}^g(\bar{L}_{\theta}^+ - L_{\theta}^+) = \dots$$

$$\text{Sign}(g, X) = \prod (-i) \cot \frac{\theta}{2}$$

$$= \cot \frac{\theta_1}{2} \cot \frac{\theta_2}{2}$$